Some Notes on Directionality Parameters

Chih-hsiang Shu Academia Sinica

Abstract

In this article, I offer some empirical and conceptual arguments against two of Kayne's (2013) main arguments against directionality parameters in the generative grammar framework, and sketch some alternative directions for future research, with a special focus on adjuncts. I will first show that the SONegV order in Korean observed by Whitman (2005) is not a valid argument against directionality parameters, because his analysis fails to account for certain scopal facts; and even if the scopal facts are not an issue, alternative analyses can be found without resorting to movement. Next I will show that facts about serial verb constructions do not constitute valid arguments against directionality parameters either. Contra Carstens (2002) and Kayne, I show that SVCs are not cross-linguistically constant with respect to the relative order of the verbs, and that an approach that allows right-adjunction can better capture the facts. In addition, I show that adjuncts have some unique syntactic properties with respect to directions that further corroborate the need for directionality parameters in grammar.

Keywords

adjunction, serial verb constructions, directionality parameters, lexicon, syntactic derivations

論方向參數

舒志翔 中央研究院

摘要

此篇文章以附加語的句法特質為出發點,提出語言事實以及概念上的論點來反駁 Kayne(2013)反對生成語法中有方向參數的其中兩個主要論點,並提出幾個未來可行的研究方向。首先,我指出 Whitman(2005)對韓語的 SONegV 語序的觀察分析並非方向參數的反證,因為此分析無法解釋某些範域的現象,同時,我們不難找到符合方向參數的分析來解釋此語序的存在。接著我指出 Carstens(2002)和 Kayne對於連動結構的分析也非方向參數的有效反證,因為連動結構在不同語言中動詞語序不同,不符合他們的描述,且右向附加語的分析更能處理這些語料。另外,我也整理出附加語關於方向的句法特質,做為證明方向參數的額外論點。

關鍵詞

附加語,連動結構,方向參數,詞彙檔,句法衍生