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「安樂法」小考*

山田俊

摘要

不少道教文獻中所見的「安樂」一詞具有褒貶兩種涵義。本論文通過對從 六朝至宋代的道教文獻的研究,得出了以下結論:當初道教在佛教思想 的影響之下,採取「安樂」一詞之時,那些道經積極地使用與眾生本來性 有密切關係的「安樂」概念,與禪宗《修心要論》、《達摩禪師論》具有相同 的思想。後來,「安樂」的涵義變為以身體修煉為主的思想之後,有些道 經也對這種道教的「安樂」概念加以批判。經過如此發展之後,早期全真 道的「安樂」思想除了身體修煉之外,也包括了心性修養在內。

關鍵詞:安樂法、唐代道教、宋代道教、早期全真道、《修心要論》、《達 摩禪師論》

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On the "Comfort"

Yamada Takahi

Abstract

The word of "Comfort 安樂" seen in many Daoism documents makes the sense of both approval and disapproval. By reviewing the development of Daoism thoughts from the Six Dynasties to the Song Dynasty, this study concluded the following findings: when Daoism documents adopted a word of "Comfort" under the influence of Buddhism thought, the word meant the true character of the man 本來性, and there were thoughts similar to *Xiuxin yaolun* 修心要論 and *Damo chanshi lun* 達摩禪師論 of the Zen sect. After that, "Comfort" changes to mean the mere cultivation of physical body, several Daoism documents have begun to criticize that word. Finally, early Quanzhen lineages 早期全真道 begun to use a word of new "Comfort," which means training at the heart as well as training of the body.

Keywords: Anle-fa (Comfort), Daoism of Tang Dynasty, Daoism of Song Dynasty, early Quanzhen lineages, Xiuxin yaolun, Damo chanshi lun