

河北古寺院調查與歷史文物遺跡保護：以邯鄲爆台寺、月愛寺為例*

崔紅芬

摘要

邯鄲地處河北省西南部，歷史文化悠久，從南北朝到明清，邯鄲地區佛教都非常興盛，有大量佛教建築和文物遺存。爆台寺和月愛寺是邯鄲市郊遺存的兩座非常古老的寺院，歷史上層幾度荒廢和重建，及至改革開放後，在邯鄲佛教協會的協助下，幾經周折募集資金再度開始重建工作，現已初具規模。這些古老寺院和寺院文物遺存都是研究河北歷史文化的珍貴資料，也是發展河北佛教文化旅遊的基礎。本文以邯鄲市郊的爆台寺和月愛寺為例，通過實地調查和走訪知情人等方法，對寺院歷史脈絡、重建情況、宗派流傳和文物遺存等進行考察，並以實地調查資料和現狀為依據，對寺院存在的問題進行探討。

關鍵詞：月愛寺、爆台寺、佛教建築、文物遺存

崔紅芬，河北師範大學歷史文化學院教授、博士生導師。

* 此文為2016年河北省教育廳人文社會科學重大攻關項目，《河北佛教文化遺產保護與京津冀旅遊協調發展研究》(項目批准號ZD201620)階段性成果。

A Research of Ancient Temples in Hebei and the Protection of Historical Relics and Sites: Taking Baotai Temple and Yue'ai Temple in Handan for Example

Cui Hongfen

Abstract

Handan lies in the south-west of Hebei, it has a long history. Buddhism was very prosperous in this area from the Northern and Southern Dynasties to Ming Dynasty and Qing Dynasty. As a consequence, there are many Buddhist buildings and cultural relics in Handan. Baotai Temple and Yue'ai Temple are two ancient temples in Handan suburb. They had been abandoned and rebuilt for many times in history. After the Reform and Opening-up, with the help of the Buddhist Association of Handan, the money to rebuild the temples has been raised after several twists and turns, and now they have begun to take shape. These ancient temples alongside with the cultural relics in them are valuable materials for researching history and culture of Hebei, they are also the foundations of the development of Hebei Buddhism culture tourism. This article takes Baotai Temple and Yue'ai Temple in Handan for example, using methods like field investigation and visiting insiders to research the temples' history, reconstruction conditions, spread of the sects and cultural relics, and discussing the problems of temples' exist based on the current situation of the temples and materials getting from field investigate.

Keywords: Yue'ai Temple, Baotai Temple, Buddhist buildings, cultural relics

Cui Hongfen is Professor and doctoral supervisor at College of Culture and History, Hebei Normal University.